

MAHARASHTRA STATE BOARD OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT EXAMINATION, MUMBAI

Examination--July, 2020

CERTIFICATE COURSE IN BAKERY AND CONFECTIONARY

[Ἐφ—3 ἰεῖοῦ]

(BEÚHÉ ~~MÖÉ~~—100)

ΕΔΕΙΟΤΗΤΕ (ΕΙΕ+®03)

ᾠδὴ 11. — (1) ὅτι ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ οὐκ ἔστιν ἐλπίς + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ
 (2) + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν.
 (3) = ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ (ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ) ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν.
 (4) + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ ἡ ἐλπίς + ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν ἡ ἐλπίς οὐκ ἔστιν.

NÖÖ

5

1. (+) $\text{E}^{\oplus}\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{V}^{\ominus}\text{MEE} \rightleftharpoons (\text{E}^{\oplus}\text{H}_2\text{O})^{\oplus}(\text{V}^{\ominus}\text{MEE})^{\ominus}$:—

[illegible]

(२६) वैयर्थ्य :-

5

' + ' MÉTÕ

'É' MÉTõ

(1) $\text{O}^{\circ}\text{E}^{\circ}\text{E}^{\circ}\text{E}^{\circ}\text{E}^{\circ}$

(+) ÊṛḏbŋṂ ḐḐbā

(2) $\frac{1}{2} \hat{\Gamma}^B \otimes [E]_{\pm} \in E_0^{op}$

(๑) <๕๔๓]๖๖®๖๕+๕ E๐๑]๐

(3) $E_{\alpha}^{\otimes 2} \cong E_{\alpha}^{\otimes 2}$

(Eò) Ê½Þ ½®Ê½Ê½ Ê½Ê½ Ê½Ê½

(4) $\hat{E}_i \circ C^0 b \div E \hat{\alpha} P \mid \tilde{o}$

(b) "É[®]±É Eðº]õ

(5) $|\mathbb{E}b| \leq \mathbb{E}b^2$

(\leq) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ä b ö m E d p } \bar{o}$

$$(E_0) \quad \text{a} \in E \rightarrow \text{a} \in E + E/2 \quad (E_0 \text{ in } E/2) \quad (E_0 \text{ in } E/2) : -$$

10

(+) $\text{O} \rightarrow \text{H} \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \text{O}$

(b) $\frac{1}{2} \pi$

(ੴ) ੈଁਨੈਕੇ+ੌ ਏਕੋ॥ ਨਾਮੇ

($<$) $E \in \mathcal{P} \mid \exists A \in \mathcal{A} \text{ s.t. } E \subseteq A$

(Eò) ðÈKÉ EðbPÉ

(i) \mathbb{R}^n is a vector space over \mathbb{R} .

2. $n \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) = k \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) :-$

16

(+) O°C

$$(c) \quad B\hat{E} + E^{\top}\hat{E}A\hat{P}E + E_{ij}^{\top}\bar{o}E\hat{D}E^{\top}\bar{o}^{\circ}\{E^{\top}\bar{o}E\bar{o}^{\circ}\hat{E}_{ii}$$
[illegible]

(b) E d P] o E A [ä - E | é h é + é ö s ä " é ½ k é é + é ½ b .

$$[\pm \epsilon] \text{ and } \{\epsilon/2\}$$

(ENGLISH)

[TIME ALLOWED—3 HOURS]

(MARKS—100)

COSTING (THEORY-III)*Instructions.*—(1) All questions are *compulsory*.

(2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

(3) Figures to the right indicates *full* marks.

(4) Assume suitable additional data if necessary.

Marks1. (a) Fill in the blanks (any *five*) :—

5

(i) Staff meal is cost to the organisation.

(ii) Transfer of raw material within the bakery departments is written as

(iii) The formula for calculating food cost is

(iv) Breakeven point is the point of no no loss.

(v) cost changes with a change in the quality produced.

(vi) Salary paid to clerk is an example of cost.

(b) Match the following :—

5

'A' Group**'B' Group**

(i) Sunk cost

(a) Rent of building

(ii) Variable cost

(b) Inventoriable cost

(iii) Carrying cost

(c) Historical cost

(iv) Fixed cost

(d) Material cost

(v) Product cost

(e) Holding cost.

(c) Define the following (any *five*):—

10

(i) Standard cost

(iv) Semi variable cost

(ii) Marginal costing

(v) Cost control

(iii) Bin cards

(vi) Buffer stock.

2. Attempt any *two* of the following :—

16

(a) Write the advantages of standard costing.

(b) Describe the various elements of cost.

(c) What is unit costing ? Write a process to calculate food cost.

(d) Give the importance of cost control system.

[Turn over

3. Answer any *two* of the following :— 16
- (a) Write the steps to minimize labour turnover.
 - (b) Explain the concept of break even analysis.
 - (c) Give the main objective of stock taking.
 - (d) Explain the procedure for storing perishable and non-perishable food item.
4. Attempt any *two* of the following :— 16
- (a) What is the importance of standard recipe ? Prepare a standard recipe format.
 - (b) Explain the various methods of purchasing in a bakery unit.
 - (c) With a help of a neat format explain the uses of Credit note.
 - (d) Differentiate between Forecasting and Budgeting.
5. Write short notes on (any *four*) :— 16
- (a) Blind receiving
 - (b) Purchase order
 - (c) Managerial reporting
 - (d) Time keeping
 - (e) Bill of material.
6. Attempt any *two* of the following :— 16
- (a) Differentiate between job costing and process costing.
 - (b) Classify costs on the basis of functions.
 - (c) What is re-ordering level ? Explain how will you calculate re-ordering level using a simple example.
 - (d) What is A, B, C analysis ? Write its advantages.
-